Discrete Structures

Fall 2015

Homework 1

Section 1.1 in you text book: (8,13,16,30,32,44)

- 8. Let p and q be the propositions
 - p: I bought a lottery ticket this week.
 - q: I won the million dollar jackpot.

Express each of these propositions as an English sentence.

- a) ¬p
- $\begin{array}{ccc} \mathbf{b}) & p \vee q & & \mathbf{c}) & p \rightarrow q \\ \mathbf{e}) & p \leftrightarrow q & & \mathbf{f}) & \neg p \rightarrow \neg q \end{array}$
- d) $p \wedge q$ e) $p \leftrightarrow q$ g) $\neg p \wedge \neg q$ h) $\neg p \vee (p \wedge q)$
- 13. Let p and q be the propositions
 - p: You drive over 65 miles per hour.
 - q: You get a speeding ticket.

Write these propositions using p and q and logical connectives (including negations).

- a) You do not drive over 65 miles per hour.
- b) You drive over 65 miles per hour, but you do not get a speeding ticket.
- c) You will get a speeding ticket if you drive over 65 miles per hour.
- d) If you do not drive over 65 miles per hour, then you will not get a speeding ticket.
- e) Driving over 65 miles per hour is sufficient for getting a speeding ticket.
- f) You get a speeding ticket, but you do not drive over 65 miles per hour.
- g) Whenever you get a speeding ticket, you are driving over 65 miles per hour.
- 16. Determine whether these biconditionals are true or
 - a) 2+2=4 if and only if 1+1=2.
 - **b**) 1+1=2 if and only if 2+3=4.
 - c) 1 + 1 = 3 if and only if monkeys can fly.
 - **d**) 0 > 1 if and only if 2 > 1.
- 30. How many rows appear in a truth table for each of these compound propositions?
 - a) $(q \rightarrow \neg p) \lor (\neg p \rightarrow \neg q)$
 - **b**) $(p \lor \neg t) \land (p \lor \neg s)$
 - c) $(p \rightarrow r) \lor (\neg s \rightarrow \neg t) \lor (\neg u \rightarrow v)$
 - **d**) $(p \wedge r \wedge s) \vee (q \wedge t) \vee (r \wedge \neg t)$

- Construct a truth table for each of these compound propositions.
 - a) $p \rightarrow \neg p$
- b) $p \leftrightarrow \neg p$
- c) $p \oplus (p \vee q)$
- **d**) $(p \land q) \rightarrow (p \lor q)$
- e) $(q \rightarrow \neg p) \leftrightarrow (p \leftrightarrow q)$
- **f**) $(p \leftrightarrow q) \oplus (p \leftrightarrow \neg q)$
- 44. Evaluate each of these expressions.
 - a) $1\ 1000 \land (0\ 1011 \lor 1\ 1011)$
 - **b**) $(0.1111 \land 1.0101) \lor 0.1000$
 - c) (0 1010

 1 1011)

 0 1000
 - **d**) $(1\ 1011 \lor 0\ 1010) \land (1\ 0001 \lor 1\ 1011)$

Section 1.2 in you text book: (4,8, 40)

Translate the given statement into propositional logic using the propositions provided.

- 4. To use the wireless network in the airport you must pay the daily fee unless you are a subscriber to the service. Express your answer in terms of w: "You can use the wireless network in the airport," d: "You pay the daily fee," and s: "You are a subscriber to the service."
- 8. Express these system specifications using the propositions p "The user enters a valid password," q "Access is granted," and r "The user has paid the subscription fee" and logical connectives (including negations).
 - a) "The user has paid the subscription fee, but does not enter a valid password."
 - b) "Access is granted whenever the user has paid the subscription fee and enters a valid password."
 - c) "Access is denied if the user has not paid the subscription fee."
 - d) "If the user has not entered a valid password but has paid the subscription fee, then access is granted."
- 40. Find the output of each of these combinatorial circuits.



